

### Renewable Energy Solutions for the Manufacturing Industries in Ghana

Presentation By:

Ebenezer Baiden (General Manager for Regulatory & Governmental Affairs, Electricity Company of Ghana Limited)

**October 20, 2017** 







# A BRIEF ON GHANA<sup>1</sup>





# A BRIEF ON GHANA<sup>2</sup>

238,535km<sup>2</sup> Boundaries Ivory Coast (West), Burkina Faso (North), Togo (East) and Gulf of Guinea (South) 42.69Billion USD (2016) GDP per Capita 1,513 USD (2016) 27million **Population** □ Traditional Exports -Cocoa Beans, Mineral Ore, Timber Logs, Fresh Fish and Fresh Yam

□Non Traditional Exports - All other exports except the above



# A BRIEF ON GHANA<sup>3</sup>

- Installed Capacity 4,400MW
- □Conventional Power 4,370MW
   ✓ Hydro 1,550MW
   ✓ Thermal 2,790MW
- **Q**Renewable Energy 23MW



### **SOLAR RESOURCE MAP FOR GHANA**





### GHANA'S POWER SECTOR (Before Reforms)



#### **Ministry of Energy**









### **ELECTRICITY GENERATION & SUPPLY CHAIN**













| GHANA'S POWER GENERATION CAPACITY AND POWER PRODUCTION |                                  |                            |                                |  |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| PLANT TYPE   | PLANT NAME                       | INSTALLED<br>CAPACITY (MW) | DEPENDABLE<br>CAPACITY<br>(MW) | PERCENTAGE<br>OF TOTAL<br>DEPENDABLE<br>CAPACITY (%) |
| HYDRO  | Akosombo                         | 1,020                      | 375                            | 22.5%  |
|  | Kpong                            | 160                        | 105                            |  |
|  | Bui GS                           | 400                        | 180                            |  |
|  | Total                            | 1,580                      | 660                            |  |
| THERMAL  | T1                               | 330                        | 300                            | 76.9%  |
|  | T2                               | 330                        | 320                            |  |
|  | TT1PP                            | 126                        | 100                            |  |
|  | КТРР                             | 200                        | 180                            |  |
|  | Sunon-Asogli (Phase 1)           | 200                        | 180                            |  |
|  | Sunon Asogli Phase II Project    | 360                        | 300                            |  |
|  | MRP                              | 80                         | 40                             |  |
|  | TT2PP                            | 50                         | 30                             |  |
|  | CENIT Power Plant                | 106                        | 100                            |  |
|  | VRA/AMERI Energy Power           | 250                        | 230                            |  |
|  | Karpower Barge-1                 | 450                        | 215                            |  |
|  | Aksa Enerji                      | 250                        | 220                            |  |
|  | Trojan I                         | 18                         | 12                             |  |
|  | Trojan II                        | 40                         | 32                             |  |
|  | Total                            | 2,790                      | 2,259                          |  |
| RENEWABLES   | VRA Solar Power Plant-Phase 1    | 2.5                        | 2.5                            | 0.6%   |
|  | BXC Solar                        | 20                         | 16                             |  |
|  | Safisana                         | 0.1                        | 0.1                            |  |
|  | Sub Total                        | 23                         | 19                             |  |
|  | Total                            | 4,392                      | 2,938                          | 100%   |
|  | Peak Demand (MW)                 |                            | 2,329                          |  |
|  | Difference / Shortfall or Excess |                            | 609                            |  |

### ENERGY BALANCE (2015-2025)

#### **DEMAND AND SUPPLY ANALYSIS (GWh)**





9/7/2017

# **OPERATIONAL PROJECTS**

**20MW** Solar Power Plant installed at Winneba

- The largest in W/A
- 2.5MW Solar Farm in Northern Ghana
- Construction of Additional 20MW has began

**O**.1MW Bio-Gas Plant at Ashaiman, Tema

- Pilot Implementation of 0.5MW Tidal Project at Ada
  - Project to be scaled up to 10MW
  - Highly Competitive tariff of US Cents10/kWh





### **PROJECT EXPECTATIONS**

□150MW wind power project

**100MW** of solar

**BOMW** of biomass

□10MW of wave (pilot underway)





## **STATUS OF RE POLICIES & NEXT STEPS**

# **DRE Law and Associated Policies**

# ✓ RE Purchase Obligations (REPOs)

✓ 10% of total electricity consumption shall emanate from REs
✓ What are the technology mix envisaged
✓ Technology caps introduced

# ✓Implementation of FiTs

 $\checkmark$  Adherence to the published rates

- ✓ 10year versus 20year guaranteed FiT issue requires resolution
- ✓ What are the forms of credit enhancements
- ✓ Are subsidies required to make projects work?





## **STATUS OF RE POLICIES & NEXT STEPS**

# Net Metering Code

- ✓ Approved by the regulators to encourage own generation & roof top solars
- $\checkmark$ Two way meters now available
- ✓Framework under discussion
- ✓ Industry could benefit from it
- Scheme requires careful thinking to avoid adverse impact of power distribution
  - Energy for own use
  - Energy for Energy?
  - Are tariffs required?

# **RE** Code

✓ Under full implementation
 ✓ Supporting the role of IPPs





**OPTIONS FOR DECENTRALIZED ENERGY SUPPLY<sup>1</sup>** 

# Microgrids

- $\checkmark$  A feasible solution to be explored
- ✓ Off-grid solutions to power supply

# □Storage systems

- ✓ Recent technologies and innovation
- $\checkmark$  To create reliability

# Issues

### ✓ Legislation and regulatory framework

- Clarity policy (who should benefit)
- ➤Sustainability



**OPTIONS FOR DECENTRALIZED ENERGY SUPPLY<sup>2</sup>** 

Unbundling of electricity rates

✓ Wires business (capacity charge)

✓ Energy Charge (flow through)

Electricity Consumption Pattern (Load Duration Curve)
 ✓ Can time of use help reshapen it?

Partnerships are very much encouraged
 Capacity building
 Technology drive



# CONCLUSION

Ghana is preparing for .....

- To embrace meaningful solutions to electricity supply through
  - ✓Clean energy
  - ✓Price competitiveness and sustainability

Industry is being encouraged to .....

Take advantage of these opportunities

- $\checkmark$  To support Ghana's development in renewable energy
- ✓ And help to strengthen the electricity market for national growth and stability





# **THANK YOU**



9/7/2017